

FX Pulse

Gradual increase in reflationary tone under the Takaichi administration

- Appointing a succession of reflationists to government-related councils
- If more reflationists are appointed as BOJ policy board members, it could lead to a weaker yen

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Upside capped by risk-off sentiment and caution about currency intervention

Last week, the rise in the USD/JPY rate paused, as the stock market correction progressed and risk-off sentiment intensified. With growing caution over high valuations in AI-related stocks, the yen's movements this week will likely depend on stock prices. If stock prices rebound, the USD/JPY rate is likely to test the upside again.

The Dollar Index (DXY) bounced off the 200-day moving average on 5 November. The USD/JPY rate appeared to have broken above the upper resistance line in the low Y154 range, but the subsequent move toward a weaker yen has lacked momentum. For the USD/JPY rate, it seems that not only the stock market decline but also verbal warnings against yen depreciation from Japanese currency authorities have capped the upside, ahead of the key Y155 level.

Finance Minister Satsuki Katayama stated at a press conference after the cabinet meeting on the morning of the 4th that she was “monitoring recent currency movements with a high sense of urgency.” However, since she had also stated at a press conference after the cabinet meeting on 31 October that she was “monitoring excessive fluctuations and disorderly movements in the forex market, including speculative trends, with a great sense of urgency,” there is no change in the tone of the verbal intervention. On 5 November, Vice-Minister of Finance for International Affairs Atsushi Mimura expressed his view that the recent movement of the yen is “deviating from fundamentals” amid the divergence between the USD/JPY rate and the Japan/US interest rate differential.

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On 4 November, the Takaichi cabinet established the “Japan growth strategy council” as the body for formulating and promoting growth strategies within the “Japan growth strategy headquarters,” which serves as the command center for economic policy. This council is composed of 12 experts from academia and the business world. Among them, two private-sector economists were appointed: Mr. Takuji Aida from Crédit Agricole Securities and Mr. Goushi Kataoka from PwC Consulting, a former BOJ policy board member. Both are regarded as reflationists who emphasize fiscal expansion and monetary easing.

Furthermore, on 7 November, it was announced that Mr. Masazumi Wakatabe, a professor at Waseda University and former BOJ Deputy Governor, and Mr. Toshihiro Nagahama from the Dai-ichi Life Research Institute would be appointed as expert members of the Council on Economic and Fiscal Policy, which investigates and deliberates on important matters concerning economic and fiscal policy. Mr. Wakatabe is a leading reflationist scholar, while Mr. Nagahama advocates prioritizing economic growth over fiscal discipline. These appointments underscore the Takaichi administration's strong inclination toward fiscal expansion.

In its Basic Policy on Economic and Fiscal Management and Reform, the former Ishiba administration had aimed for a primary balance surplus “as early as possible” during FY25-26. However, Prime Minister Sanae Takaichi stated at the House of Representatives Budget Committee on the 7th regarding the primary balance surplus target, “we intend to withdraw the concept of a single-fiscal year primary balance” and “we are considering a revision toward confirming the balance over a multi-year period.”

Regarding monetary policy, on 5 November, Mr. Fumitake Fujita, co-leader of the Japan Innovation Party (JIP) called for monetary policy operations that do not dampen the new administration’s economic policies, while showing understanding for the direction of interest rate hikes. Mr. Fujita stated that if the BOJ were to “immediately raise rates” while aiming for the passage of a supplementary budget in the current Diet session, it would be “like stepping on the accelerator and the brake at the same time,” and that the BOJ “should consider the timing a little more cautiously.” He also pointed out that now is not the time for “monetary policy with too much impact.”

Mr. Fujita acknowledged that “there is ample scope to consider a rate hike at an appropriate time” and expressed agreement with the BOJ’s approach to normalize policy “gradually and moderately to avoid market disruption.” However, the JIP had been seen as respecting the BOJ’s independence and accepting monetary policy normalization. Therefore, its entry into the ruling coalition gives the impression that it is moving closer to the Takaichi administration’s stance.

Looking at the lineup of party executives and cabinet members, the initial impression was that the Takaichi administration would maintain a minimum level of fiscal discipline and not blindly oppose the BOJ’s normalization. However, the appointments mentioned above suggest a strengthening of the reflationary stance within the administration. In the first half of next year, two BOJ policy board members will see their terms expire (member Asahi Noguchi on 31 Mar and member Junko Nakagawa on 29 Jun), and it seems highly likely that reflationists will be appointed as their successors. In July 2027, two hawkish members, Hajime Takata and Naoki Tamura, will also have their terms expire. If the market becomes conscious of the growing presence of reflationists within the BOJ once again, yen-selling pressure could intensify.

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