

Daiwa's View

Achilles heel of COVID-19 crisis

- Risk of sovereign rating downgrades due to expansion of fiscal spending

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Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.

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Achilles heel of COVID-19 crisis

Yesterday, risk-off sentiment resurged. We have the impression that the European market was especially bearish, as shown by the decline of the Stoxx 600 Bank Index to 82.4, close to its lowest level hit on 3 April. While the 10-year German Bund yield fell by 9bp, the Italian government bond yield rose by 10bp, leading to rapid widening of its spread vs. German bonds.

The market appears to have re-acknowledged downward pressure on the economy. According to [the latest growth rate forecasts in the IMF's World Economic Outlook](#), the rate of GDP contraction in the euro area is large. In particular, Italy's figure is -9.1% . Moreover, March US retail sales and industrial production data, released yesterday, again gave us the impression that the pandemic's economic impact is substantial. JPMorgan Chase booked as much as \$8.29bn (around ¥890bn) in reserves for potential bad loans. A very large amount of reserves for loan loss indicates the severity of actual conditions on the economic outlook from the viewpoint of the micro economy.

I am wondering how long typical risk-off activities that entail yield declines (like yesterday) will continue. In the *Fiscal Monitor* released yesterday, the IMF disclosed that "so far, countries around the world have used about \$8tn to fight the pandemic" as [fiscal policies to contain the damage from COVID-19](#). In addition, it showed its recognition that "the pandemic and the associated Great Lockdown led to increases in debt and deficits beyond those recorded in the global financial crisis. As the pandemic abates and the economy recovers in 2021, public debt ratios are expected to stabilize at new—higher—levels."

Chart: European Bank Stock Index



Source: Bloomberg; compiled by Daiwa Securities.

Chart: IMF's World Economic Outlook

Real GDP (y/y %)	2019	2020	2021
US	2.30	-5.90	4.70
Euro area	1.20	-7.50	4.70
Germany	0.60	-7.00	5.20
France	1.30	-7.20	4.50
Italy	0.30	-9.10	4.80
Spain	2.00	-8.00	4.30
Japan	0.70	-5.20	3.00
China	6.10	1.20	9.20
Advanced economies	1.70	-6.10	4.50
Emerging markets and developing economies	3.70	-1.00	6.60

Source: IMF; compiled by Daiwa Securities.

Of course, fiscal spending at the moment is a necessary cost, which leaves no room for doubt. However, a sure thing is that debt levels will rise further and debt dynamics will worsen, depending on the future developments of the pandemic. In this case, yields would decline during a slight risk-off stage, but yields could rise during an extreme risk-off stage as the market disfavors deterioration of the supply/demand conditions of government bonds owing to expansion of fiscal spending. In this pattern, deterioration of public debt ratios is likely to cause downgrades of sovereign ratings and those of bank ratings that move in line with the former. This is probably the Achilles heel of the current COVID-19 crisis.

Amid the "Great Lockdown," the amount of necessary funds at private-sector companies would increase at an unexpected pace under normal circumstances. It is unrealistic to expect private-sector banks to provide unlimited funding support, being exposed to the above-mentioned risk of potential downgrades to sovereign ratings. Therefore, central banks have a major role in support of financing amid the current phase.

There is one item of good news in terms of this point. In its CP purchase operations on 14 April, the BOJ increased its offer amount from the initially planned Y400bn to Y550bn. At the same time, Reuters reported that, according to sources familiar with the matter, the BOJ would discuss measures to expand corporate financing support mainly via an increase the purchase amount of CP and corporate bonds. Given these two signals, it is highly possible that the BOJ will expand financing support measures at its Monetary Policy Meeting on 27-28 April. If such measures are enforced at full scale also in Japan after the US, this would be welcome indeed.

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■ Credit Rating Agencies

[Standard & Poor's]

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[Moody's]

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[Fitch]

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