Outlook for 10Y JGB Auction

BOJ goes "a step further," but optimism unlikely to grow about tomorrow's primary sale

- ✓ Tomorrow's auction to be held at a lower bidding yield level than the previous auction as well as at the lowest level since the auction in July 2016.
- ✓ The BOJ goes "a step further," forcing market participants to be aware of the global yield downtrend. That said, it is hard to factor in BOJ actions, such as modification of the YCC framework. 10Y JGBs, which lack strong relative-value attractiveness, are unlikely to find aggressive buyers at the -0.20 to -0.15% level.
- ✓ We would like to think about our bidding stance at tomorrow's auction, assuming that 10Y JGBs will find better buyers at the -0.15 -0.10% level.

Strategic Memorandum DSTE322 FICC Research Dept.

Senior JGB Strategist **Keiko Onogi**+813 5555 8788
keiko.onogi@daiwa.co.jp

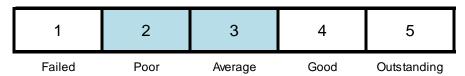
Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.

Auction Details

Auction Date: August 1, 2019
Issue Date: August 2, 2019
Maturity Date: June 20, 2029

Offering Amount: About 2.1 trillion yen

Exp. Rating on Auction Results



Tomorrow's auction is to be held at a lower bidding yield level than the previous auction as well as at the lowest level since the auction in July 2016

BOJ also goes "a step further," forcing market participants to be aware of the global yield downtrend After the previous 10Y JGB auction went smoothly at the -0.140 to -0.135% level on July 2, the 10Y JGB yield has been moving in the -0.170 to -0.120% range on an intraday basis. For the past few days, the yield is moving at the -0.160 to -0.150% level, around the lower end of the recent range. Tomorrow's auction is to be held at a lower bidding yield level than the previous auction as well as at the lowest level since the auction in July 2016, which was conducted a few days before the 10Y JGB yield bottomed out at -0.3% and had an average result.

Concerns about the global economy are lingering partly because of the existence of factors that warrant no optimism, such as Brexit and trade frictions vs. the US. In such a situation, the ECB has decided to consider an additional rate cut and the resumption of quantitative easing policy. In the policy statement released yesterday (Jul 30), the BOJ also clearly stated that it "will not hesitate to take additional easing measures if there is a greater possibility that the momentum toward achieving the price stability target will be lost." BOJ governor Haruhiko Kuroda also said that "we have become more positive about monetary easing," implying possible implementation of additional easing. On the market-focused July FOMC meeting, market participants are almost certain for a rate cut and some anticipate a couple of rate cuts in 2019. In such an environment where we have to be aware of the global yield downtrend, key points to think about bidding at tomorrow's auction are as follows:

^{*} New 10Y JGBs will likely be the first reopening of JB355 carrying a 0.1% coupon.

^{**} On July 31, JB355 traded at -0.160% (-0.5bp v. previous day's close) and closed at -0.160% (-0.5bp).



That said, it is hard to factor in concrete actions such as modification of YCC framework, and therefore it would be difficult to buy aggressively at the -0.20 to -0.15% level

✓ **Absolute yield level**: Although the BOJ appears to have become more dovish at the July monetary policy meeting, post-meeting reactions show that the market has not factored into any actions possibly taken by the BOJ, such as a revision to the yield curve control policy. At the June press conference, Governor Kuroda said that "a doubling of the 0.1% trading band the central bank has set for the 10-year yield to allow more flexible moves," suggesting that around -0.2% is not a strict BOJ floor. However, around -0.2% would continue to be recognized as the floor of the 10Y JGB yield in the market unless the central bank actually takes some measures to lead the policy rates down. If not, it would be difficult to buy 10Y JGBs aggressively at the -0.20 to -0.15% level.

Lack of strong attractiveness in terms of relative value

✓ Relative value: The 10Y sector is neither noticeably rich nor cheap on the curve (Appendix 4). Since the beginning of the year, the 10Y asset swap spread has been moving in a very narrow range (Appendix 5). As the current level is around the median of the range, 10Y cash is neither noticeably overvalued nor undervalued against swaps.

Persisting expectations on demand from investors

✓ **Demand**: At tomorrow's auction, short-covering from primary dealers does not appear strong at all. Regarding demand from investors, expectations on demand especially from duration-constrained investors are persisting partly because the 10Y sector has an advantage in terms of carry in the short- to long-term zone where all yields are falling below zero (Appendix 6).

Bidding on the view 10Y JGBs will find better buyers at -0.15 - -0.10% level

All in all, we would like to think about our bidding stance at tomorrow's auction, assuming that 10Y JGBs will find better buyers at the -0.15 - -0.10% level. In terms of the relative value, it is difficult to aggressively build new positions at the current level. If any on the curve, there may be activities to switch out from the short-term/intermediate sectors, rather than the superlong sector. Yesterday, BOJ governor Haruhiko Kuroda touched on the shape of the yield curve. However, under the current market environment, the BOJ flow-based reduction in purchases around the long end of the curve is unlikely to give the yield curve a substantial flattening correction. Unless "Outline of Outright Purchases of Japanese Government Securities" to be announced in the late afternoon today includes a surprising modification to JGBs with over ten years left to maturity, switching out from the superlong sector would not work well. Meanwhile, as mentioned, the 10Y sector has an advantage in terms of carry in the short- to long-term zone where all yields are falling below zero. From this viewpoint, it would be more worth considering switching out from the short- to long-term sectors.

10Y JGB Auction Results

Auction Date	Issue#	Coupon %	Maturity Date	Issue Size (billion yen)	Bid/ Cover	Average Accepted Price	Lowest Accepted Price	Tail (yen)	Average Accepted Yield	Highest Accepted Yield	Tail (%)	Allotment %	
8/1/19	355R*	0.1	6/20/29	2,100**									
7/2/19	355	0.1	6/20/29	2,099	3.92	102.42	102.40	0.02	-0.139	-0.137	0.002	93.8948	Avg
6/4/19	354R	0.1	3/20/29	2,099	3.99	102.04	102.01	0.03	-0.106	-0.103	0.003	15.1237	Poor
5/8/19	354R	0.1	3/20/29	2,099	4.44	101.59	101.57	0.02	-0.060	-0.058	0.002	36.0139	Avg
4/2/19	354	0.1	3/20/29	2,412	5.07	101.61	101.60	0.01	-0.060	-0.059	0.001	37.4603	Good
3/5/19	353R	0.1	12/20/28	2,233	4.25	101.00	100.98	0.02	-0.002	0.000	0.002	74.5124	Poor
2/5/19	353R	0.1	12/20/28	2,528	4.80	101.12	101.11	0.01	-0.013	-0.012	0.001	61.9168	Good
1/8/19	353	0.1	12/20/28	2,235	4.04	100.84	100.83	0.01	0.015	0.016	0.001	39.9871	Good
12/4/18	352R	0.1	9/20/28	2,526	3.82	100.25	100.22	0.03	0.074	0.077	0.003	8.7628	Poor
11/1/18	352R	0.1	9/20/28	2,513	4.33	99.95	99.93	0.02	0.135	0.137	0.002	12.9543	Avg
10/2/18	352	0.1	9/20/28	2,436	4.21	99.59	99.58	0.01	0.141	0.142	0.001	47.4678	Good
9/5/18	351R	0.1	6/20/28	2,506	4.55	99.87	99.86	0.01	0.113	0.115	0.002	57.5664	Avg
8/2/18	351R	0.1	6/20/28	2,485	4.17	99.74	99.62	0.12	0.126	0.138	0.012	48.9994	Poor
7/3/18	351	0.1	6/20/28	2,478	4.37	100.62	100.60	0.02	0.037	0.039	0.002	38.2288	Good
6/5/18	350R	0.1	3/20/28	2,255	4.38	100.50	100.49	0.01	0.048	0.049	0.001	94.4896	Good

 $^{^{\}star}$ Daiw a forecast as of July 31 $\,^{\star\star}$ Amount the MOF plans to issue

Source: Ministry of Finance (MOF), Daiwa Securities.

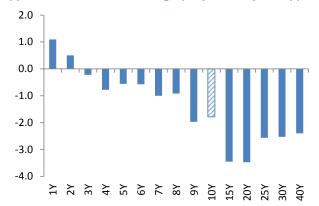


Appendix 1: 10Y JGB Yield (%)



Source: Daiwa Securities.

Appendix 3: JGB Yield Change (July 2 v. July 30, bp)



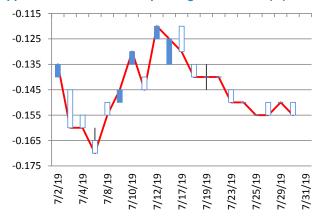
Source: Daiwa Securities.

Appendix 5: 10Y JGB Asset Swap Spread (bp)



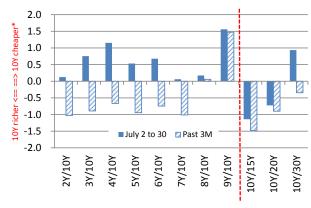
* Yen LIBOR basis Source: Daiwa Securities.

Appendix 2: JB335 Yield Open/High/Low/Close (%)



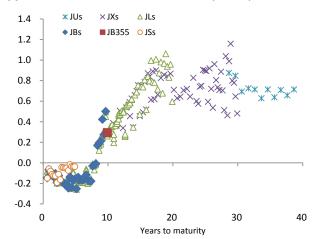
Source: Daiwa Securities.

Appendix 4: Z-scores of JGB Yield Spreads



Note: + (-) 10Y richer (cheaper) for 10Y/15Y, 10Y/20Y and 10Y/30Y Source: Daiwa Securities.

Appendix 6: JGB Total Return Curve (3M, %)



Note: Based on JGB yield curve on July 30; assuming that those yield curve shapes do not change and factoring roll-down effect etc.

Source: Daiwa Securities



Explanatory Document of Unregistered Credit Ratings

In order to ensure the fairness and transparency in the markets, Credit Rating Agencies became subject to the Credit Rating Agencies' registration system based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. In accordance with this Act, in soliciting customers, Financial Instruments Business Operators, etc. shall not use the credit ratings provided by unregistered Credit Rating Agencies without informing customers of the fact that those Credit Rating Agencies are not registered, and shall also inform customers of the significance and limitations of credit ratings, etc.

■ The Significance of Registration

Registered Credit Rating Agencies are subject to the following regulations:

- 1) Duty of good faith.
- 2) Establishment of control systems (fairness of the rating process, and prevention of conflicts of interest, etc.).
- 3) Prohibition of the ratings in cases where Credit Rating Agencies have a close relationship with the issuers of the financial instruments to be rated, etc.
- 4) Duty to disclose information (preparation and publication of rating policies, etc. and public disclosure of explanatory documents).

In addition to the above, Registered Credit Rating Agencies are subject to the supervision of the Financial Services Agency ("FSA"), and as such may be ordered to produce reports, be subject to on-site inspection, and be ordered to improve business operations, whereas unregistered Credit Rating Agencies are free from such regulations and supervision.

■ Credit Rating Agencies

[Standard & Poor's]

The Name of the Credit Rating Agencies group, etc

The name of the Credit Rating Agencies group: S&P Global Ratings ("Standard & Poor's")
The name and registration number of the Registered Credit Rating Agency in the group: S&P Global Ratings Japan Inc. (FSA commissioner (Rating) No.5)

How to acquire information related to an outline of the rating policies and methods adopted by the person who determines Credit Ratings

The information is posted under "Unregistered Rating Information" (http://www.standardandpoors.co.jp/unregistered) in the "Library and Regulations" section on the website of S&P Global Ratings Japan Inc. (http://www.standardandpoors.co.jp)

Assumptions, Significance and Limitations of Credit Ratings

Credit ratings assigned by Standard & Poor's are statements of opinion on the future credit quality of specific issuers or issues as of the date they are expressed and they are not indexes which show the probability of the occurrence of the failure to pay by the issuer or a specific debt and do not guarantee creditworthiness. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to purchase, sell or hold any securities, or a statement of market liquidity or prices in the secondary market of any issues.

Credit ratings may change depending on various factors, including issuers' performance, changes in external environment, performance of underlying assets, creditworthiness of counterparties and others. Standard & Poor's conducts rating analysis based on information it believes to be provided by the reliable source and assigns credit ratings only when it believes there is enough information in terms of quality and quantity to make a conclusion. However, Standard & Poor's does not perform an audit, due diligence or independent verification of any information it receives from the issuer or a third party, or guarantee its accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the results by using the information. Moreover, it needs to be noted that it may incur a potential risk due to the limitation of the historical data that are available for use depending on the rating.

This information is based on information Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd. has received from sources it believes to be reliable as of March 7th, 2017, but it does not guarantee accuracy or completeness of this information. For details, please refer to the website of S&P Global Ratings Japan Inc. (http://www.standardandpoors.co.jp)

The Name of the Credit Rating Agencies Group, etc

The name of the Credit Rating Agencies group: Moody's Investors Service ("MIS")

The name and registration number of the Registered Credit Rating Agency in the group: Moody's Japan K.K. (FSA commissioner (Rating) No.2)

How to acquire information related to an outline of the rating policies and methods adopted by the person who determines Credit Ratings

The information is posted under "Unregistered Rating explanation" in the section on "The use of Ratings of Unregistered Agencies" on the website of Moody's Japan K.K. (The website can be viewed after clicking on "Credit Rating Business" on the Japanese version of Moody's website (https://www.moodys.com/pages/default_ja.aspx)

Assumptions, Significance and Limitations of Credit Ratings

Credit ratings are Moody's Investors Service's ("MIS") current opinions of the relative future credit risk of entities, credit commitments, or debt or debt-like securities. MIS defines credit risk as the risk that an entity may not meet its contractual, financial obligations as they come due and any estimated financial loss in the event of default. Credit ratings do not address any other risk, including but not limited to: liquidity risk, market value risk, or price volatility. Credit ratings do not constitute investment or financial advice, and credit ratings are not recommendations to purchase, sell, or hold particular securities. No warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, timeliness, completeness, merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose of any such rating or other opinion or information, is given or made by MIS in

Based on the information received from issuers or from public sources, the credit risks of the issuers or obligations are assessed. MIS adopts all necessary measures so that the information it uses in assigning a credit rating is of sufficient quality and from sources MIS considers to be reliable. However, MIS is not an auditor and cannot in every instance independently verify or validate information received in the rating process.

This information is based on information Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd. has received from sources it believes to be reliable as of April 16th, 2018, but it does not guarantee accuracy or completeness of this information. For details, please refer to the website of Moody's Japan K.K. (https://www.moodys.com/pages/default_ja.aspx)

[Fitch]

The Name of the Credit Rating Agencies group, etc

The name of the Credit Rating Agencies group: Fitch Ratings ("Fitch")
The name and registration number of the Registered Credit Rating Agency in the group: Fitch Ratings Japan Limited (FSA commissioner (Rating) No.7)

How to acquire information related to an outline of the rating policies and methods adopted by the person who determines Credit Ratings

The information is posted under "Outline of Rating Policies" in the section of "Regulatory Affairs" on the website of Fitch Ratings Japan Limited (https://www.fitchratings.co.jp/web/)

Assumptions, Significance and Limitations of Credit Ratings

Ratings assigned by Fitch are opinions based on established criteria and methodologies. Ratings are not facts, and therefore cannot be described as being "accurate" or "inaccurate". Credit ratings do not directly address any risk other than credit risk. Credit ratings do not comment on the adequacy of market price or market liquidity for rated instruments. Ratings are relative measures of risk; as a result, the assignment of ratings in the same category to entities and obligations may not fully reflect small differences in the degrees of risk. Credit ratings, as opinions on relative ranking of vulnerability to default, do not imply or convey a specific statistical probability of default.

In issuing and maintaining its ratings, Fitch relies on factual information it receives from issuers and underwriters and from other sources Fitch believes to be credible. Fitch conducts a reasonable investigation of the factual information relied upon by it in accordance with its ratings methodology, and obtains reasonable verification of that information from independent sources, to the extent such sources are available for a given security or in a given jurisdiction. The assignment of a rating to any issuer or any security should not be viewed as a guarantee of the accuracy, completeness, or timeliness of the information relied on in connection with the rating or the results obtained from the use of such information. If any such information should turn out to contain misrepresentations or to be otherwise misleading, the rating associated with that information may not be appropriate. Despite any verification of current facts, ratings can be affected by future events or conditions that were not anticipated at the time a rating was issued or affirmed.

For the details of assumption, purpose and restriction of credit ratings, please refer to "Definitions of ratings and other forms of opinion" on the website of Fitch Rating

This information is based on information Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd. has received from sources it believes to be reliable as of May 13th, 2016, but it does not guarantee accuracy or completeness of this information. For details, please refer to the website of Fitch Rating Japan Limited (https://www.fitchratings.co.jp/web/) May 2018



IMPORTANT

This report is provided as a reference for making investment decisions and is not intended to be a solicitation for investment. Investment decisions should be made at your own discretion and risk. Content herein is based on information available at the time the report was prepared and may be amended or otherwise changed in the future without notice. We make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness. Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd. retains all rights related to the content of this report, which may not be redistributed or otherwise transmitted without prior consent.

Notification items pursuant to Article 37 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law

(This Notification is only applicable to where report is distributed by Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.)

If you decide to enter into a business arrangement with our company based on the information described in this report, we ask you to pay close attention to the following items.

- •In addition to the purchase price of a financial instrument, our company will collect a trading commission* for each transaction as agreed beforehand with you. Since commissions may be included in the purchase price or may not be charged for certain transactions, we recommend that you confirm the commission for each transaction. In some cases, our company also may charge a maximum of \mathbf{\fom} 2 million (including tax) per year as a standing proxy fee for our deposit of your securities, if you are a non-resident.
- •For derivative and margin transactions etc., our company may require collateral or margin requirements in accordance with an agreement made beforehand with you. Ordinarily in such cases, the amount of the transaction will be in excess of the required collateral or margin requirements**.
- •There is a risk that you will incur losses on your transactions due to changes in the market price of financial instruments based on fluctuations in interest rates, exchange rates, stock prices, real estate prices, commodity prices, and others. In addition, depending on the content of the transaction, the loss could exceed the amount of the collateral or margin requirements.
- •There may be a difference between bid price etc. and ask price etc. of OTC derivatives handled by our company.
- •Before engaging in any trading, please thoroughly confirm accounting and tax treatments regarding your trading in financial instruments with such experts as certified public accountants.
- * The amount of the trading commission cannot be stated here in advance because it will be determined between our company and you based on current market conditions and the content of each transaction etc.

 ** The ratio of margin requirements etc. to the amount of the transaction cannot be stated here in advance because it will be determined between our company and you based on current market conditions and the content of each transaction etc.

When making an actual transaction, please be sure to carefully read the materials presented to you prior to the execution of agreement, and to take responsibility for your own decisions regarding the signing of the agreement with our company.

Corporate Name: Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.

Registered: Financial Instruments Business Operator

Chief of Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Kin-sho) No.108

Memberships: Japan Securities Dealers Association

The Financial Futures Association of Japan Japan Investment Advisers Association

Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association